Tuesday, October 23, 2018

## Session Three

## Title: Washington Update

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WASHINGTON UPDATE - THE MIDTERM ELECTIONS AND THEIR IMPACT ON ADULT EDUCATION JOHN COLBERT, ESQ.

## AREAS OF DISCUSSION

- FY 18 and 19 funding and beyond
- Looking ahead - the direction of Congress and the Administration
-What happens legislatively if Dems win the House?
- Elections Outlook


## HOW DID EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE PROGRAMS AVOID FY 18 CUTS?

## FY18 FUNDING AGREEMENT

## Bipartisan funding agreement

## 13\% overall funding Increase

Increased defense funding:

- $\$ 80$ billion more in FY 18
- $\$ 85$ billion more in FY19

Increased funding domestic funding:

- \$63 billion more in FY 18
- \$68 billion more in FY 19


## FY 18 FUNDING

With this additional overall funding:
$>$ Congress restores
> $\$ 9$ billion in cuts proposed by theAdministration to the Department of Education
> $\$ 12$ billion in proposed cuts to HHS

- Adult Education receives $\$ 35$ million increase


## FY 19 FUNDING

## FY 19 funding

- Second (and final) year of fiscal agreement expanding domestic funding by $13 \%$
- Agreement was huge help in protecting funding for education and workforce programs in FY 18.


## What has happened this year?

## FY 19 appropriations process

- Last month the Labor-HHS-EducationAppropriations bill was completed
- First time on time Labor-HHS bill in 22 years


## Why?

- Second year of two year budget agreement - top line funding already in place
- Senate committed to bipartisan process


## FY 19 House Labor-HHS bill

- No overall funding increase above FY 18
- Party line vote in Committee - no floor action
***Advice from House Chairman Tom Cole


## FY 19 House Labor-HHS bill

## Department ofEducation

- Adult Education level funded
- Pell Grants levelfunded
- CTE +102 million


## FY 19 House Labor-HHS bill

## DOLfunding

- ETAcut by $\$ 216$ million
- WIOATitle I programs level funded
- Apprenticeships +5 million


## Senate Appropriations

- Richard Shelby (R-AL) - new full Committee Chair
- Commitment to bipartisanship
- Passed Senate Labor-HHS bill on the floor - the first time in over a decade
- Moved Labor-HHS in combination with DOD bill - top priority for passage before September 30th.


## FY 19 Senate Labor-HHS bill

$\$ 2$ billion overall increase above FY18

- Provided a $\$ 25$ million increase forAdult Education
- \$100 increase for Pell Grant
- Level fundedCTE
- Maintained WIOATitle I funding at current levels
- IncreasedApprenticeship state grants by $\$ 15$ million


## FY 19 Labor-HHSAppropriations bill

## House-Senate Conference agreement

Department of Education- \$581 million increase

Department of Health and Human Services - $\$ 2.3$ billion increase

- \$2 billion increase for NIH


## FY 19 Labor-HHSAppropriations bill

House-Senate Conferenceagreement
Department of Education

- Increased WIOATitle II adult education by $\$ 25$ million
- Increased Pell Grant by \$100


## FY 19 Labor-HHS Appropriations bill

## House-Senate Conferenceagreement

## Department of Labor

- Maintained WIOA Title I funding at current levels
- IncreasedApprenticeship state grants by $\$ 15$ million


## Upcoming challenge - FY 20 and beyond

- Two year budget agreement expiring at conclusion of FY 19


## Unless there is a new budget agreement:

$>$ FY $20-9.3 \%$ below FY 19 overall domestic funding
$>$ FY 21 - 7.1\% below FY 19 overall domestic funding

- Unknown- How will new Congress address this shortfall particularly if House and Senate governed by different parties?


## Upcoming challenges - FY 20 and beyond

## Overallgoal

$>$ Sustainability- building long term support for adult education among policymakers regardless of the party in power.

## Challenges forus:

$>$ Protecting our funding in an environment where significant cuts


## THE ROAD FORWARD FOR FEDERAL WORKFORCE POLICY

## KEY THEMES IN WASHINGTON FOR EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE POLICY

- Education in preparation for work
- Provide employers with skilled workers
- More job openings than workers - effort to have all available workers enteremployment
- Enhanced work based learning opportunities
- Support for evidenced based approaches
- Work in exchange for benefits



## TRUMP ADMINISTRATION PRIORITIES

## THE ROAD AHEAD - WHITE HOUSE AND THE WORKFORCE

White House - "Pledge to the American Worker"

- $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ employers have committed to hiring or retraining 4.3 million workers over the next five years.
- Spearheaded by Ivanka Trump - next step in the president's economic agenda, building on deregulation and tax cuts.
- Signed Executive Order to coordinate federal workforce strategies


## WH - Pledge to the American Worker

- Executive Order-establishes:
$\checkmark$ National Council for the American Worker-interagency federal task force tasked with developing national workforce strategies for the President.
$\checkmark$ Working with public and private sector to address skills gap and needs of demand drivenindustries
$\checkmark$ American Workforce Policy Advisory Board-25 national private sector leaders.Advisory body for the National Council. Applications due to Commerce Department by October 1st
- Report due in January- lead staffer Rosemary Lahasky



## THE ROAD AHEAD ADMINISTRATION WORK REQUIREMENTS

- Administration and Hill Republicans believe they have a winning issue - polling strongly supports work in exchange for program benefits
- Work requirement an emerging trend in red states
- Democrats in opposition


## WORK REQUIREMENTS: STATE MEDICAID WAIVER REQUESTS

Leading regulatory issue in debate over work in exchange for benefits

- Work requirements for able bodied recipients.
- Four waivers approved - KY, IN, AR, and NH
- Federal court rejected KY's waiver - work is not core component of Medicaid program
- KY plan now being rewritten

Pending_state waivers_Arizona, Kansas, Maine, Mississippi, Ohio, South Dakota, Utah, and Wisconsin

## ISSUES TO WATCH: STATE MEDICAID WAIVERS WITH WORK REQUIREMENTS

- Different approaches in the states for who is "able bodied"
- Several state workforce agencies leading effort to train place Medicaid recipients in many of states with waivers.


## THE ROAD AHEAD ADMINISTRATION CTE IMPLEMENTATION

- Enacted this summer
- More closely aligns vocational education and WIOA programming
- Increased work based learning opportunities.
- Focus on demand occupations and career pathways
- Utilizes WIOA performance measures
- CTE state plan may be combined with WIOA plan
- No regulations will be offered
- ED will provide guidance



## EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE RELATED PRIORITIES IN CONGRESS

## THE ROAD AHEAD APPRENTICESHIPS

Outlook - area of potential consensus between the parties

- Multiple hearings this year - great interest in expanding work based learning
Challenge- Registered Apprenticeships v. business led apprenticeship programs
- Adequate funding for scaling


## THE ROAD AHEAD FOR TANF

Outlook - uncertain for the coming year

- House Republicans passed party line TANF reauthorization through Committee
- Bipartisanship on most policy reforms - fractured because no new TANF funding
- No movement in Senate - new Finance Committee Chair next year


## ISSUES TO WATCH: TANF REAUTHORIZATION

- House bill - the "JOBS Act" - framed as workforce legislation
- Reinforces purpose of TANF funding is to transition participants to work
- Allable bodied beneficiaries required to work, or be engaged in education andtraining


## ISSUES TO WATCH: TANF REAUTHORIZATION

- More flexibility for states in programmatic design
- Holistic approach to services
- Allows up to $50 \%$ of a state's TANF allocation transferred to:
- WOIA
- Child Care and Development Fund,
- Child Welfare (up to 10\%)
- Many of these program elements will return if Republicans maintain control of the House or a bipartisan bill is crafted


# THE ROAD AHEAD FARM BILL AND SNAP WORK REQUIREMENTS 

Outlook - actively being negotiated in Conference

- At the forefront on the debate over work requirements in social service reauthorizations.


## ISSUES TO WATCH: FARM BILL (INCLUDES SNAP)

House bill- passed by only one vote on House floor Why?

- New work requirement - able bodied beneficiaries required to work, or be engaged in education and training.
- Provides $\$ 1$ billion in new funding for training.
- Highly partisan issue - Democrats opposed bill due to work requirements.


## ISSUES TO WATCH: SAFETY-NET SNAP

## Senate bill

- Passed on Senate floor this summer
- Bipartisan effort
- No work requirements
- President Trump - supports work requirements
- However, insiders tell us that Senate does not have votes to pass the bill if work requirements included

Outlook - Unclear if sides can come to agreement in Lame Duck session

## THE ROAD AHEAD FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION ACT

## 20

Outlook - uncertain, multiyear effort likely

- House Education and Workforce Committee passed PROSPER Act on party lines
- No House floor action
- Senate - bipartisan efforts failed
- However, both chambers recognize that higher ed in preparation for work - closer workforce ties



## HOW WOULD CONGRESS CHANGE IF DEMOCRATS GAIN CONTROL OF THE HOUSE?

## HOUSE DEMOCRATIC MAJ ORITY?

## CAMPAIGN TRAIL

- House Democrats platform:
> Checks andbalances
$>$ Health care
> End corruption
- Democrats campaign chair - "Don't mention Trump"


## HOUSE DEMOCRATIC MAJ ORITY?

## If Democrats regain the majority:

- Pelosi - "targeted oversight"
> Almost every Congressional Committee has an Oversight Subcommittee
> Will place each federal agency and the White House under the microscope
> Investigations have dramatic impact on daily workings of federal agencies, particularly when already understaffed


## POTENTIAL INVESTIGATIONS BY DEMOCRATS



## HOUSE DEMOCRATIC MAJ ORITY?

## If Democrats regain the majority:

- Top three overall legislative items:
$>$ Health care - preexistingconditions
-- "Medicare for all"
> Infrastructure
> End corruption -- ethics, campaign finance, and lobby reform


## HOUSE DEMOCRATIC MAJ ORITY?

If Democrats regain the majority -

- Minority Whip Hoyer - top education and workforce related items
> Apprenticeships -bipartisan?
$>$ Skills - greater access to education and training
> ExpandingPell
$>$ Dual enrollmentprogramming
> Stackable credentials
> Pell forPrisoners


## HOUSE DEMOCRATIC MAJ ORITY?

Higher Education reauthorization - "Aim Higher" ActDemocrats response to the Republican led PROSPERAct
$>$ Focus onaffordability
> Greater investment in federal student aid

- Wraparound services for students to enhance on time graduation
> Accountability for institutions - completion and workforce participation rates.
> Cracks down on low performing for profits


## WHAT DOES THIS MEAN FOR KEY CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES

## House Ed and Workforce

Chair - Virginia Foxx (R-NC)
Ranking Member - Bobby Scott (D-VA)

House Labor-HHS Appropriations
Chair - Tom Cole (R-OK)
Ranking Member - Rosa DeLauro (D-CT)


## 2018 ELECTIONS - TWO WEEKS AWAY

## Midterms are difficult on the President's party

Since the Civil War, the president's party has lost:

- House seats in 92\% of midterms

Over the past 100 years the president's party has lost:

- Senate seats in 73\% of midterms
- Governors seats in 93\% of midterms
- State legislative seats in $90 \%$ of midterms


## 2018 ELECTIONS - TWO WEEKS AWAY

## Turnout for both parties is crucial

- Midterms - 40\% less voters than in Presidential election years

Generic vote- Democrats have generic lead of 7.2\%
Right track/Wrong track - minus 13\%
Views of both parties underwater - minus $11 \%$

## 2018 ELECTIONS - PRESIDENTIAL APPROVAL LAST EIGHT MIDTERM ELECTIONS

- When the President's approval rating was 56 percent or higher.
> Incumbent party losses were minimal.
- When the President's approval rating stood at 46 percent or lower.
$>$ Seven-seat average net loss in the Senate, and 40 seats in the House.


## MIDTERMS: PRESIDENT'S APPROVAL RATING MATTERS

Democrats need 23 seats to take control of the House

- President Trump's approval rating is currently 43\% similar to last two wave elections 2006 and 2010.
- 2010- Obama $45 \%$ - lost 63 House seats and 2 Senate seats
- 2006-G.W. Bush 39\% - lost 31 House and 6 Senate


## 2018 ELECTIONS - PRESIDENTIAL APPROVAL LARGEST DIVIDE BETWEEN PARTIES EVER

- $85 \%$ of Republicans
- $36 \%$ of independents
- $8 \%$ of Democrats.


## 2018 ELECTIONS - PRESIDENTIAL APPROVAL RATINGS - INTENSITY MATTERS

## Gallup measured intensity of voters opinion of the President

- Those who approved, ratio of strong to moderate was 2-to-1.
- Those who disapproved, ratio of strong to moderate was 3-to1.


## 2018 ELECTIONS - "REAL SWING VOTERS"WARNING SIGN FOR REPUBLICANS

Those who disapprove of both parties lean Democrat- (D+14)
> 18\% ofelectorate
> Tilted to Trump in 2016
> Today, 68\% disapprove of Trump
> 63\% are enthusiastic about midterms v. 55\% of all voters

# OPEN QUESTION - WILL FIGHT TO CONFIRM J USTICE KAVANAUGH CONTINUE TO ENERGIZE REPUBLICANS? 

- Enthusiasm gap between parties has narrowed over confirmation vote
- Can Republicans continue this momentum?



## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES RACES

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES <br> 14 COMPETITIVE DEMOCRATIC SEATS 95 COMPETITIVE REPUBLICAN SEATS

Cook Political Reportratings
COMPETITIVE 2018 house races
Democrat held seat
Republican held seat
( $8 \mathrm{Dem}, 4 \mathrm{GOP}$ ) (2 Dem, 12 GOP)
(2 Dem, 29 GOP)

| MN-1 | Walz* |
| :--- | :--- |
| MN-8 | Nolan* |
| MN |  |
| CA-10 | Denham |
| CA-25 | Knight |
| CA-39 | Royce* |
| CA-45 | Walters |
| CA-48 | Rohrabacher |
| FL-26 | Curbelo |
| FL-27 | Ros-Lehtinen* |
| IA-3 | Young |
| IL-12 | Bost |
| IL-14 | Hultgren |
| KS-2 | Jenkins* |
| KY-6 | Barr |
| ME-2 | Poliquin |
| MI-8 | Bishop |
| NC-9 | Pittenger* |
| NC-13 | Budd |
| NJ-3 | MacArthur |
| NJ-7 | Lance |
| NM-2 | Pearce* |
| NY-19 | Faso NY- |
| 22 Tenney OH- |  |
| 1 | Chabot |
| PA-1 | Fitzpatrick |
| TX-7 | Culberson |
| TX-32 | Sessions |
| UT-4 | Love |
| VA-2 | Taylor |
| VA-7 | Brat |
| WA-8 | Reichert* |
|  |  |

(24 GOP) (1 Dem, 26 GOP)

| AR-2 | Hill |
| :--- | :--- |
| CA-50 | Hunter |
| FL-15 | Ross* |
| FL-16 | Buchanan |
| GA-6 | Handel |
| GA-7 | Woodall |
| IL-13 | Davis |
| MO-2 | Wagner |
| MT-AL | Gianforte |
| NC-2 | Holding |
| NE-2 | Bacon |
| NY-24 | Katko |
| NY-27 | Collins |
| OH-12 | VACANT (Tiberi) |
| PA-10 Perry |  |
| PA-16 | Kelly |
| SC-1 | Sanford* |
| TX-23 | Hurd |
| TX-31 | Carter |
| VA-5 | Garrett* |
| WA-3 | Beutler |
| WA-5 | McMorris Rodgers |
| WI-1 | Ryan* |
| WV-3 | Jenkins* |


| PA-14 | OPEN (Lamb) |
| :--- | :--- |
| AK-AL | Young |
| AZ-6 | Schweikert |
| CA-4 | McClintock |
| CA-21 | Valadao |
| CO-3 | Tipton |
| FL-6 | DeSantis* |
| FL-18 | Mast |
| FL-25 | Diaz-Balart |
| IA-04 | King |
| IN-2 | Walorski |
| MI-1 | Bergman |
| MI-3 | Amash |
| MI-6 | Upton |
| MI-7 | Walberg |
| NC-8 | Hudson |
| NY-1 | Zeldin |
| NY-2 | King |
| NY-11 | Donovan |
| NY-21 | Stefanik |
| OH-10 | Turner |
| OH-14 | Joyce |
| TX-2 | Poe* |
| TX-21 | Smith* |
| TX-22 | Olson |
| TX-24 | Marchant |
| WI-6 | Grothman |
|  |  |

Lean Republican Likely Republican

## MIDTERMS: DEMOCRATIC TAKEOVER IN HOUSE?

50 Republicans are leaving the House, compared with 22 Democrats.

Many of the key House races are fights in affluent suburbs
****white college educated Republican women the key target audience of both parties

## MIDTERMS: DEMOCRATIC TAKEOVER IN HOUSE - CONFLICTING TREND LINE

## HOPE FOR DEMOCRATS

- Most retirements from a majority party since 1994
- Special elections
- Voter Intensity


## HOPE FOR REPUBLICANS

- Incumbents run on average 7\% ahead in competitive districts
- Kavanaugh hearings sparked base
- Economy
- Speaker Pelosi


## HOUSE REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN CHAIR'S MESSAGE TO REPUBLICAN MEMBERS

## Strategy

- Motivate Trump voters to get out to vote
- Localize each race
- Peace and Prosperity - it's the economy stupid
- Raise campaign funds
- Win among married women's vote
- Tie among independents
- Compete in the suburbs


## DEMOCRATS HOPE FUNDRAISING ADVANTAGE WILL PAY DIVIDENDS AT THE POLLS

## In last three months:

- 92 House Republican incumbents outraised by Democratic opponent.
- 51 House Republicans were outraised at least 2-to-1
- 5 House Democrats were outraised by opponent.


## Today:

- 33 GOP members have less cash on hand than opponents.
- No Democratic members have less cash on hand than opponents.
- Last four elections - $2 / 3$ of incumbents with less cash on hand on October 1 lost their seats


SENATE RACES

## MIDTERMS: DEMOCRATIC TAKEOVER IN SENATE?

- Republicans hold current majority 51-49
- 26 Democrats up for election, only 9 Republicans
- Democrats goal in midterms - recapture majority, likely to be elusive


## MIDTERMS: DEMOCRATIC TAKEOVER IN SENATE?

## Democrats defending seats in the Trumpiest states

- 10 of these states won by the President
- 5 of these states were won by the President by at least 19\%
- 6 of 9 Republican seats are considered safe


## THE FIGHT FOR SENATE CONTROL NINE "TOSS UP" SEATS



## TOSS UPS - HOW LEANING AT THE MOMENT?

(Status by incumbent party)

## Potential Republican_pickups

North Dakota -8.7\%
Missouri -0.4\% - trending R
Holding Democratic
West Virginia +9
Indiana +2.5
Montana +3
Florida +2.4\%
Holding Republican
Arizona +0.3\% - trending R Nevada +1.7\% - trending R
Tennessee +5.5\%
Texas +7\%

## 2020 ELECTION: BATTLEFIELD SHIFTS REPUBLICANS DEFENDING MORE SENATE SEATS

## $\underline{2020}$

- 12 Democratic seats
- 21 Republican seats
$\underline{2022}$
- 12 Democratic seats
- 22 Republican seats
*However, only two Republican incumbents currently vulnerable


## What to expect

- Razor thin margins next Congress
- If the election was held today
- Democrats could gain 25-35 seats and control of the House
- Senate landscape favors Republican pickup of 1-3 seats
- Democrats must hold all incumbent seats and win two of Republican toss up seats to regain majority - unlikely without bigger wave.


## OUTLOOK FOR THE MIDTERM ELECTIONS

## Likely scenario

- Democrats gain seats in the House
- Republicans gain seats in the Senate
- If this occurs -- first midterm in 36 years in which the two chambers of Congress moved in different directions.


## STATE RACES - A LOT ON THE LINE

## 2018 Balance of Power



## STATE RACES - A LOT ON THE LINE

## Governors races this year

- 36 states hold their gubernatorial elections
- 26 Republican seats
- 10 Democratic seats (nine Democrats plus one independent)
- 13 open governorships for GOP,
- 4 open governorships for Democrats
- 12 Republican seats competitive, 4 for Democrats


## STATE RACES - A LOT ON THE LINE

## State legislatures

- 82\% of state legislative races on the ballot.
- 26 states GOP control of both chambers.
- 8 states Democrats control both chambers.
- 16 legislatures are divided.


## REPUBLICANS GOVERNORS PLAYING DEFENSE UP TO 16 SEATS COULD FLIP - 12 HELD BY R'S



## TOSS UPS - HOW LEANING AT THE MOMENT?

(Status by incumbent party)
FL -3.7\%
GA +2
IA -3.5\%
KS +1\%
ME tie
MI -9.2\%
NV +0.6\%
$\mathrm{OH}-2.7 \%$
WI -3.6\%
*Most vulnerable area for Republican governors is the Midwest - risk of clean sweep

## Challenges for Republicans

- Republicans are defending eight seats won by Clinton
- Democrats are defending only one state won by President Trump
- Republicans fighting historical trends
- This year's races are key to the future
> Outcome of the 2018 state elections will determine future redistricting efforts.


## QUESTIONS?

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