WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW JOHN COLBERT, ESQ CAPITOL HILL PARTNERS

Areas for Discussion







WHAT'S HAPPENING ON THE
HILL AND IN THE
ADMINISTRATION



WHAT TO EXPECT MOVING FORWARD



STATUS OF FY20 FUNDING

FY20 budget request

- Administration's FY 20 budget request
- Proposes 9.5% cut to domestic programs
- 12% cut to the Department of Education



FY 20 House Budget



House Democrats created their own budget bill this spring – no agreement with Senate on overall funding.



Provided 5.7% increase or domestic programs above FY 19.



FY 20 House Labor-HHS funding

New House Labor-HHS Chair – Rosa DeLauro (D-CT)

- \$11.8 billion increase for Labor-HHS
- Passed on party line vote through House



House Labor-HHS Bill

Department of Education

WIOA Title II Adult | +\$30 million Education

Increases Pell Grant by \$150

CTE

+37 million

House Labor-HHS Bill

Department of Labor

+380 million

Adult +\$55 million

Youth +\$61 million

House Labor-HHS Bill

Department of Labor

Apprenticeships	+90 million
New Strengthening Community College Grants initiative	\$150 million

House Labor-HHS Appropriations bill

House bill will be high point for FY 20 funding this year



Senate refused to move forward without a budget

Unlike the House, Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell refused to move forward on any appropriations bills until budget agreement put in place.

No Senate appropriations bill has passed on the Senate floor to date.



GOOD NEWS – FY20 and FY 21 BUDGET AGREEMENT

Budget deal for FY 20 and FY 21



Previous two year budget agreement expired



Without a new budget agreement:

FY 20 – 9.3% below FY 19 overall domestic funding



Budget deal for FY 20 and FY 21





Domestic funding increased by 4.5% in FY 20 and an additional 1% in FY 21.

Budget deal for FY 20 and FY 21 However, \$15 billion less for domestic programs than in FY 20 House budget

Roughly half of this cut will likely come from the House Labor-HHS bill.

Budget deal for FY 20 and FY 21

EXTENDS DEBT LIMIT FOR TWO YEARS ELIMINATES

"POISON PILL

RIDERS" ON

APPROPRIATIONS

BILLS

ENDS TEN YEAR
BUDGET
CONTROL ACT
CAPPING ANNUAL
DISCRETIONARY
SPENDING



FY 20 Senate Labor-HHS bill – on hold

\$ Democrats unhappy with overall funding level – less than 1% above FY 19



\$5 billion transferred from Labor-HHS to provide more funding for border wall



Bill is stuck – no movement in past two months



Senate Labor-HHS Bill

Department of Education

WIOA Title II Adult Education

Level funded

Increases Pell Grant by

\$135

CTE

Level funded

Rescinds \$1.3 billon of Pell Surplus

Senate Labor-HHS Bill

Department of Labor

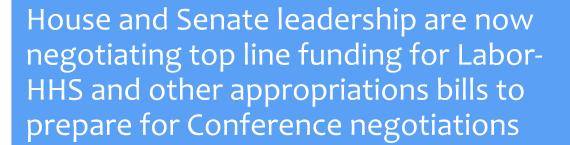
WIOA	Level funded
Apprenticeships	\$170 million (+10 million)
New Strengthening Community College Grants initiative	\$O

FY 20 Senate Labor-HHS Appropriations bill FY20 funding – state of play

Continuing Resolution passed through November 21st -Keeping government open a top priority of both parties

FY20 Labor-H funding – next steps

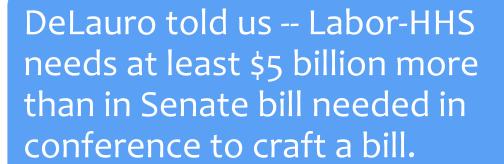
Little chance for moving controversial FY 20 Senate Appropriations bills to the floor for passage





FY20 Labor-H funding – next steps

Senate Labor-HHS Chair Blunt told us he hopes for \$3-4 billion more for Labor-HHS when goes to conference – wants to work with DeLauro to complete bill.





FY20 Labor-H funding – next steps

As a result, the overall Labor-HHS Conference funding allocation will be the key determinant to completing a bill this year



Options left to resolve FY20 funding

Completion of FY 20 bills with modest increase for Labor-HHS Additional short term CR?

Year long Continuing Resolution?



House Education and Labor Committee

Chair Bobby Scott (D-VA) -

Jurisdiction includes:

- Higher Education Act reauthorization
- WIOA reauthorization
- Apprenticeships



House Education and Labor Committee

Chairman Bobby Scott told us:

WIOA reauthorization easier than HEA – immediate results for workers and employers – begin process early next year

Apprenticeships – Registered only with federal funds

Chairman Bobby Scott told us:

He intended to introduce a HEA reauthorization bill this month –unveiled the "College Affordability Act" last week.

Builds upon the "Aim Higher Act" he introduced last Congress.

Higher Education Act reauthorization – House

Chairman
Bobby
Scott's
Higher
Education
bill:

Affordability – additional federal investment in states offering free community college

Pell grants boosted \$500

Pell for short term training for credentials

House Education and Labor Committee

Chairman
Bobby
Scott's
Higher
Education
foci:

Stronger wraparound services for students

Encourages dual enrollment programming

Accountability for institutions - completion and workforce participation rates.

Cracks down on low performing for profits

Senate HELP Committee



Chair Lamar Alexander (R-TN) - retiring in 2020



Priorities include:

Reducing health care costs;

HEA Reauthorization

Also on agenda:

WIOA reauthorization

HEA reform difficult

- ► Alexander multi year effort with Ranking Member Patty Murray (D-WA) on bipartisan HEA reform bill.
- ► <u>Still major roadblocks</u> how to address Title IX sexual harassment claims and Title IV financial aid issues.
- ► Comprehensive HEA reform unlikely to move forward in the Senate, as a bipartisan bill is needed for passage.



Alexander introduces package of eight Student Aid Improvement Act last week

Series of mini bills with bipartisan support:

- Permanent mandatory funding for HBCU's and MSI's
- ► FAFSA simplification
- Pell grants for prisoners
- Short-Term Pell for certificates JOBS Act
- Increased maximum Pell grant
- Alexander also plans to include the College Transparency Act, which creates a Student unit record data;

Alexander introduces package of eight Student Aid Improvement Act last week

Democrats have rejected this piecemeal approach, seeking comprehensive HEA reform.



HEA and the workforce

Bipartisan HEA reform has proven difficult for the past two Congresses

However - common theme – preparing our students for the workforce.

Pell for short term training?



Passed in House Ways and Means Committee yesterday on party line vote

Provides funding for the education and training of low income participants in high demand career pathways jobs.

Allows for direct support for adult education activities for participants



Applications must describe how basic skills education, work readiness activities, career coaching, mentoring, will be provided to help individual gain employment.

5 year grants – two per state

Funding: \$425 million per year

Eligible participants – up to 200% of federal poverty level

Eligible entities: WIB's, State agencies, IHE's, Community Health Centers, health care employers.

Requires ABE competency assessment;

Establishment of a **network of partners** to offer improved basic academic skills or English language proficiency before entering a training program;

Assistance in accessing and completing HSE or adult basic education courses as necessary to achieve success in the project and make progress towards career goals.

Embeds adult basic skill maintenance as part of post graduate career coaching and mentoring;

NASDAE has been a leader in support of this bill – working with the Committee and an original co-signor when it was introduced.

No Senate companion measure at this juncture



Apprenticeships

Debate about Registered v. Industry Recognized Apprenticeships (IRAP's) has heated up.

First round of IRAP's awarded – second round FOA closed last month



Apprenticeships

ETA released IRAP proposed rule -320,000 comments

IRAP paid through – H-1B fees

Cannot pay for IRAP's through annual funding from Congress

Key takeaway – budget agreement – no policy riders for the next two years, allows ETA to expand IRAP's without interference from Congress.

White House and the workforce

National
Council
for the
American
Worker

Just celebrated its one year anniversary

13.7 million commitments to hire or retrain workers by 352 companies

<u>Council Goal</u> – development of a national workforce strategy by July 2020.

Focus on skills gap and needs of demand driven industries

IMPLICATIONS FOR NASDAE

OUR APPROACH MOVING FORWARD

Our approach moving forward

- Major funding cuts are in the rearview expect funding stability for the next two years
- House and Senate unlikely to flip in 2020.
- Work with both parties in both chambers on key funding and authorizing issues
- Anticipate stronger coordination between workforce and higher education – community colleges are the linchpin of this approach
- Focus on areas of consensus for our agenda





PRESIDENTIAL RACE

2020 Presidential election



NATIONAL POLLS IRRELEVANT – BATTLEGROUNDS MATTER



SIX KEY
BATTLEGROUND
STATES (AZ, FL,
MI, NC, PA, WI)



ALL ABOUT GOTV



Key trends to watch in 2020 elections



Changing demographics in key states could make them more competitive



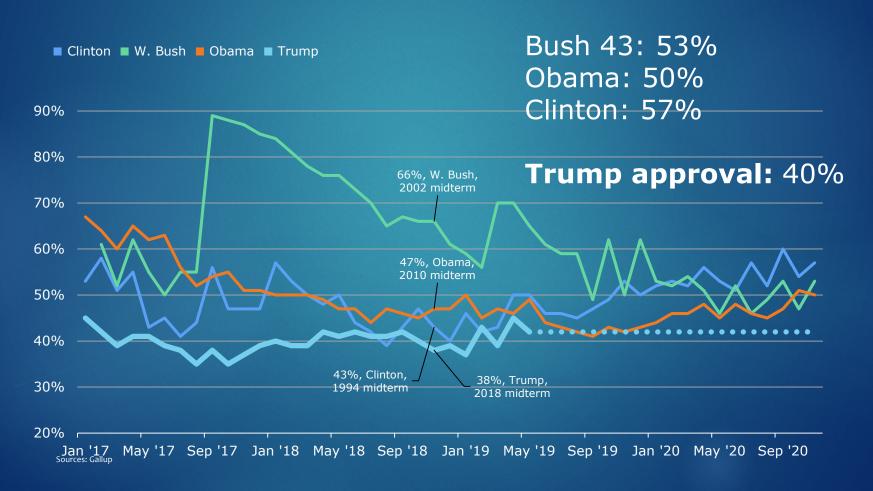
Suburban districts will play an important role in 2020 elections



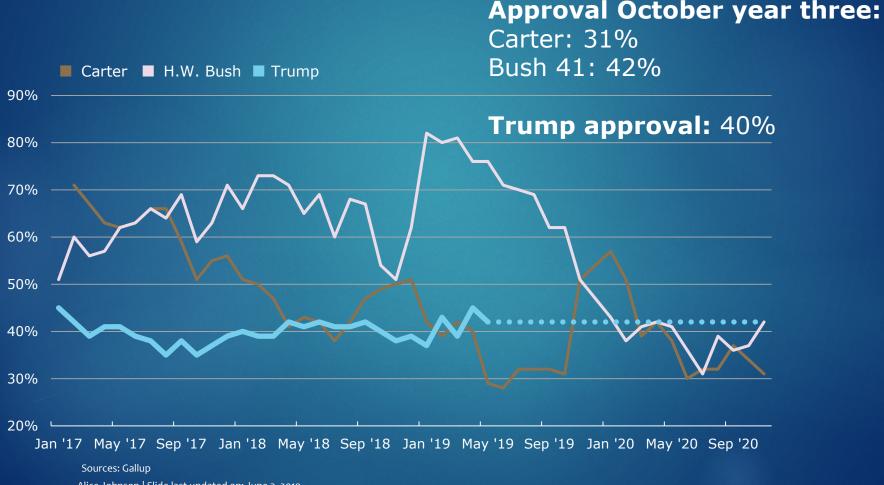
President Trump's approval rating remains strong in solidly Republican states

Presidential race - Trump's approval rating is currently lower than the three recent two term presidents

Approval September year three:

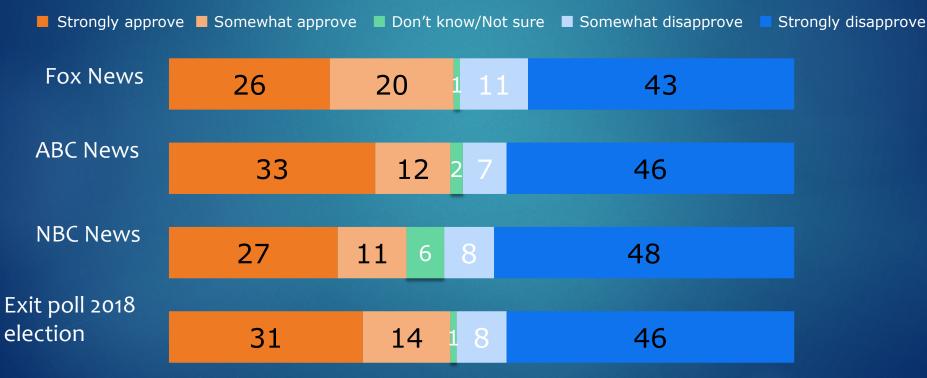


Trump's approval rating is in between the last two presidents who did not win reelection



Major polls show Trump's "strong disapproval" higher than "strong approval"

Trump job approval, by intensity



Only 20% of the electorate is up for grabs

Definitely voting for Trump, 35%

Up for grabs, 20%

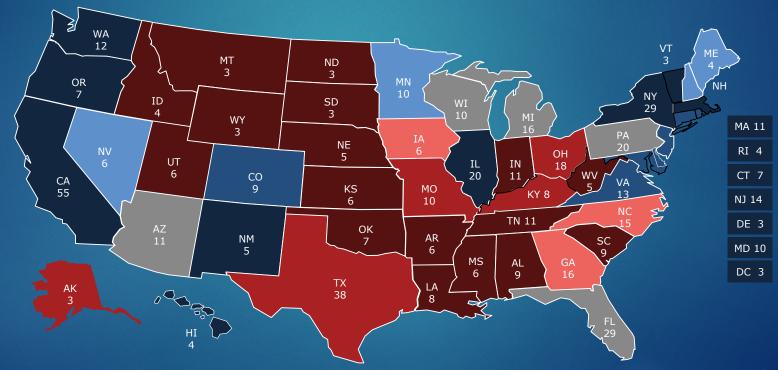
45% Definitely voting...

"President Trump needs to win between 2/3 and 3/4 of the 20% that are up for grabs in order to be re-elected."

Toss Up states contain 86 electoral college votes

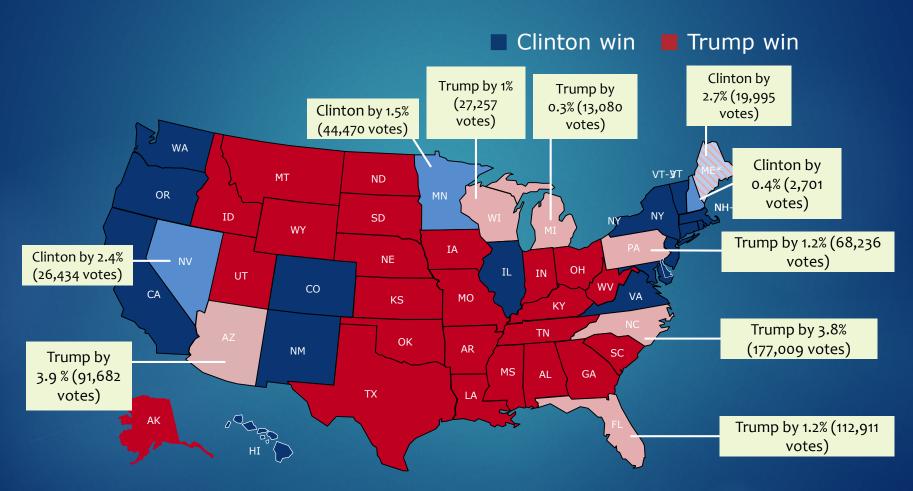
Cook Political Report: 2020 Electoral College ratings

■ Solid D ■ Likely D ■ Lean D ■ Toss Up ■ Lean R ■ Likely R ■ Solid R



Sources: Cook Political Report.

2016 election - 10 states decided by 5% or less



*Clinton won Maine's statewide vote, but Trump received an electoral vote for winning the 2nd district Source: National Journal research, 2019.

2016 election -Trump closed strongly in key 2020 states

	One week pre- election	Won by the President
North Carolina	Clinton +2.0	(Trump +3.7)
Florida	Clinton +1.6	(Trump +1.2)
Pennsylvania	Clinton +6	(Trump +0.7)
Arizona	Clinton +0.6	(Trump +3.5)
Wisconsin	Clinton +6	(Trump +0.7)
Michigan	Clinton +6	(Trump +0.3)

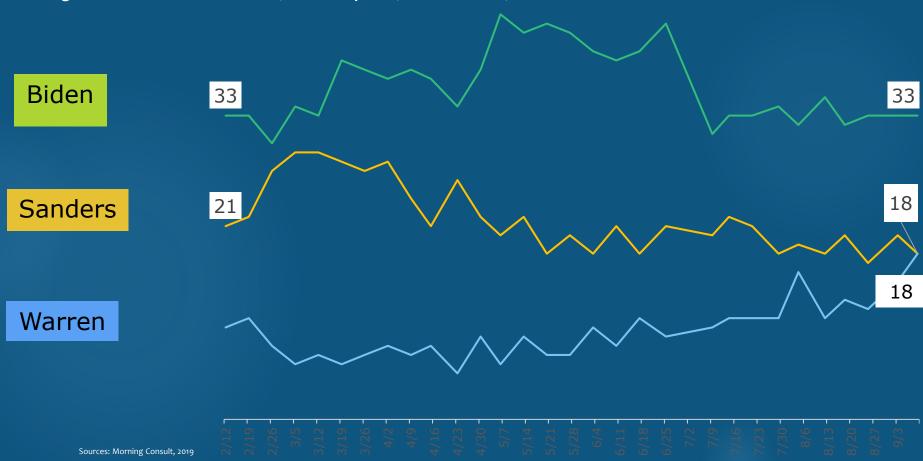
Challenge – President's approval rating underwater in the key 2020 states

	Net approval level Jan. 2017		Difference
Arizona	+19	-4	-23%
Florida	+22	-2	-24%
Michigan	+7	-10	-17%
North Carolina	+17	-3	-20%
Pennsylvania	+10	-8	-18%
Wisconsin	+6	-11	-17%

59

First four Democratic primary states – Biden has significant lead overall – Sanders and Warren tied for Second place

Polling of voters' first choices in Iowa, New Hampshire, South Carolina, and Nevada



If the election were held today...

Trump v Biden – Biden ahead in key swing state polling

Arizona – Biden +2 Florida – Biden +2.7 Michigan – Biden +10 North Carolina – Biden +7% Ohio – Biden +6 Nevada – Biden +6 Pennsylvania – Biden +10.5 Wisconsin – Biden +9

Trump v Warren – leaning to Warren

- Arizona Trump +1 Florida – Warren +2
- Michigan Warren +4
- North Carolina Tie
- Ohio Warren +4
- Nevada Trump +1
 - Pennsylvania Warren +3.5
 - Wisconsin Warren +2



Trump
campaign
focused on
holding swing
states and
expanding
the field

Potential pickups

Colorado

Minnesota

New Hampshire

New Mexico

Nevada



Democrats hope to expand the field

Potential pickups

Florida

North Carolina

Arizona

Georgia

Texas?



CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS

2020 ELECTION: GOP DEFENDING MORE SENATE SEATS

2020

- 12 Democratic seats
- 22 Republican seats

2022

- 12 Democratic seats
- 22 Republican seats



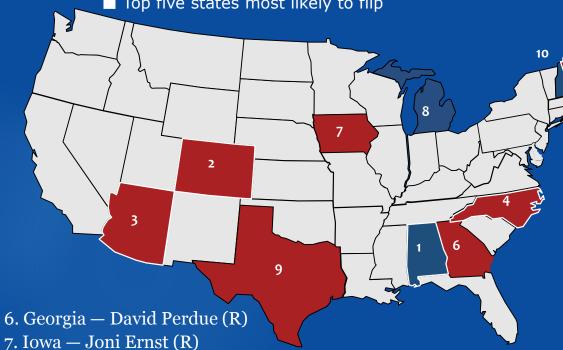
Top 10 Senate list - seven held by GOP

Hotline's 2020 Senate power rankings

IN ORDER HOW LIKELY THEY ARE TO FLIP PARTY CONTROL

Seat held by a Republican Seat held by a Democrat

■ Top five states most likely to flip



- 7. Iowa Joni Ernst (R)
- 8. Michigan Gary Peters (D)
- 9. Texas John Cornyn (R)
- 10. New Hampshire Jeanne Shaheen (D)

1. Alabama:

- Incumbent: Doug Jones (D)
- Potential challenger: Former judge Roy Moore

2. Colorado:

- *Incumbent: Cory Gardner (R)*
- Forner Governor John Hickenlooper

3. Arizona:

- *Incumbent: Martha McSally (R)*
- Challengers: Veteran and retired astronaut Mark Kelly

4. North Carolina:

- *Incumbent: Thom Tillis (R)*
- Potential challengers: Former State Treasurer Janet Cowell, State Senator Jeff Jackson

5. Maine:

- *Incumbent: Susan Collins (R)*
- Potential challenger: State House Speaker Sara Gideon

Few Vulnerable 2020 Senate Seats



Five Retirements already announced in the Senate

Senators retiring and not seeking reelection in 2020



Lamar Alexander (R-TN)

- Alexander is the first senator to announce retirement in 2020, following his three-term tenure as senator and 8 years as governor of Tennessee
- Serves as Chair of the Senate Health, Education, Labor and Pensions Committee, where he worked on a bipartisan plan to improve the Affordable Care Act



Mike Enzi (R-WY)

- Enzi announced that he will not be seeking reelection in 2020, following four terms in the Senate and a two-term tenure as mayor of Gillette, Wyoming
- Serves as Chair of the Senate Budget Committee, where he says he wants to focus on budget reform without the distractions of a reelection campaign



Pat Roberts (R-KS)

- Roberts announced that he would retire in 2020 after serving in the Senate for four terms
- Serves as Chair of the Senate Agriculture Committee, where he helped shepherd the passage of the 2018 Farm Bill



Johnny Isakson (R-GA)

- Isakson announced that he will resign from the Senate at the end of 2019 due to health issues
- Gov. Brian Kemp (R-GA) will have the opportunity to appoint a senator to the seat, and a special election will be held in November 2020



Tom Udall (D-NM)

- Udall announced that he would retire in 2020 after serving in the Senate for two terms
- Serves as Ranking Member of the Senate Indian Affairs Committee
- Member of the Udall family, which had been active in politics in the American West

House Republicans are defending 40 seats, Democrats defending 53 seats

Democrat-held seat Republican-held seat

(18 Dem, 5 GOP, 1 Ind)

(21 GOP)

(18 Dem)

(17 Dem, 1 GOP)

Z-2	Kirkpatrick	AZ-1	O'Halleran
4-25	Hill	CA-10	Harder
4-7	Bera	CA-21	Cox
4-49	Levin	CA-39	Cisneros
D-6	Crow	CA-45	Porter
-26	Mucarsel-Powell	CA-48	Rouda
27	Shalala	IL-6	Casten
-17	Bustos	KS-3	Davids
N-3	Phillips	MI-11	Stevens
V-4	Horsford	MN-2	Craig
J-5	Gottheimer	NV-3	Lee
J-11	Sherrill	NH-1	Pappas
Y-18	Maloney	NJ-2	Van Drew
۱-7	Wild	NJ-7	Malinowski
\-17	Lamb	PA-8	Cartwright
4-10	Wexton	TX-7	Fletcher
	Schrier	TX-23	
I-3	Kind	TX-32	Allred

McBath GA-6 IA-1 **Finkenauer** TA-2 Loebsack* IA-3 Axne IL-14 Underwood ME-2 Golden MI-8 Slotkin MN-7 Peterson NJ-3 Kim Torres Small NY-11 Rose NY-19 Delgado NY-22 Brindisi OK-5 Horn SC-1 Cunningham UT-4 McAdams VA-2 Luria Spanberger GA-7 Woodall* MI-3 Amash (I) NC-9 **OPEN** Perry Olson* TX-24 Marchant*

(13 GOP)

AZ-6	Schweikert
CA-50	Hunter
FL-15	Spano
IL-13	Davis
IN-5	Brooks*
NE-2	Bacon
NC-2	Holding
NY-27	Collins
OH-1	Chabot
PA-1	Fitzpatrick
TX-10	McCaul
TX-21	Roy
TX-31	Carter

AK-AL Young Nunes Buchanan King KS-2 Watkins KY-6 Barr MI-6 Upton MN-1 Hagedorn Stauber MN-8 Wagner MT-AL Gianforte* NC-13 Budd 7eldin Kina Katko OH-12 Balderson Kelly Wriaht Riggleman Herrera Beutler Duffy*

Likely Democrat

Lean Democrat

Toss Up

Lean Republican

Likely Republican

Sixteen House GOP members have announced their retirements

Representatives not seeking re-election, by Cook Political Report rating

NAME OF RETIRING INCUMBENT ("PARTISAN VOTER INDEX"), (PARTY-STATE-DISTRICT)

Lean Democrat

Will Hurd (R+1)

R-TX23

Republican Toss Ups

Rob Woodall (R+7)

R-GA07

Lean Republican

Likely Republican

Greg Gianforte (R+11)†

R-MT-AL

Sean Duffy (R+8)* R-WI07



Bradley Byrne (R+15)†



Rob Bishop (R+26) R-UT01



Paul Mitchell (R+13) R-MI10



Martha Roby (R+16) R-AL₀₂



Mike Conaway (R+32) R-TX11



John Shimkus (R+50) R-IL



Jim Sensenbrenner (R+13)R-WI5



Solid Republican

R-AL01



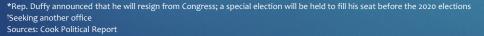


Bill Flores (R+12) R-TX17



Pete Olson (R+10)

Kenny Marchant (R+9) R-TX24



Four Democratic House members have announced their retirements

Representatives not seeking re-election, by Cook Political Report rating

NAME OF RETIRING INCUMBENT ("PARTISAN VOTER INDEX"), (PARTY-STATE-DISTRICT)

Democrat Toss-Ups

Dave Loebsack (D+1) D-IA02 Lean Democrat Likely Democrat





José Serrano (D+44)



Ben Lujan (D+8)† D-NM03



Susan Davis (+14) D-CA53

2020 ELECTION: House – not easy for Republicans to recapture the majority

Republicans need 18 seats to regain majority

- Retirements exacerbate challenge to regain majority
- Will need President Trump to be re-elected

History is not on Republicans side:

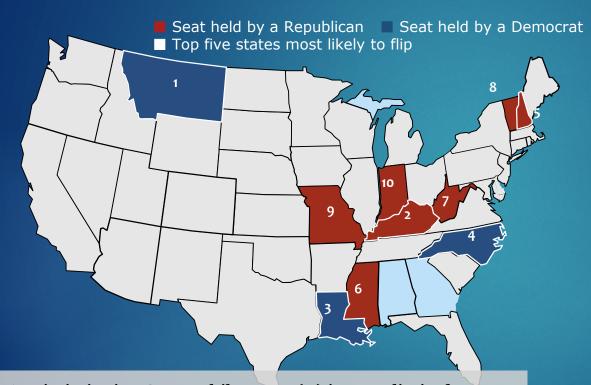
Six Presidents have been elected to second term since World War
 II – average House seat gain is seven seats



GOVERNORS ELECTIONS

Governors races - seven of top ten seats held by GOP

IN ORDER HOW LIKELY THEY ARE TO FLIP PARTY CONTROL



- 6. Mississippi Open: Phil Bryant (R) is term-limited
- 7. West Virginia Jim Justice (R)
- 8. Vermont Phil Scott (R)
- 9. Missouri Mike Parson (R)
- 10. Indiana Eric Holcomb (R)

1. Montana:

- Open: Steve Bullock (D) is term-limited
- Candidates: Rep. Greg Gianforte (R-MT-AL), state AG Tim Fox (R), Lt. Gov. Mike Cooney (D)

2. Kentucky:

- *Incumbent: Matt Bevin* (R)
- Challenger: Andy Beshear, state AG and son of former Kentucky Gov. Steve Beshear

3. Louisiana:

- Incumbent: John Bel Edwards (D)
- Challengers: Rep. Ralph Abraham (R-LA-5), businessman Eddie Rispone

4. North Carolina:

- *Incumbent: Roy Cooper (D)*
- Challengers: Lt. Gov. Dan Forest, state Rep. Holly Grange

5. New Hampshire:

- *Incumbent: Chris Sununu (R)*
- Potential challengers: State Senate majority leader Dan Feltes, former state Senator and 2018 nominee Molly Kelly

QUESTIONS?

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